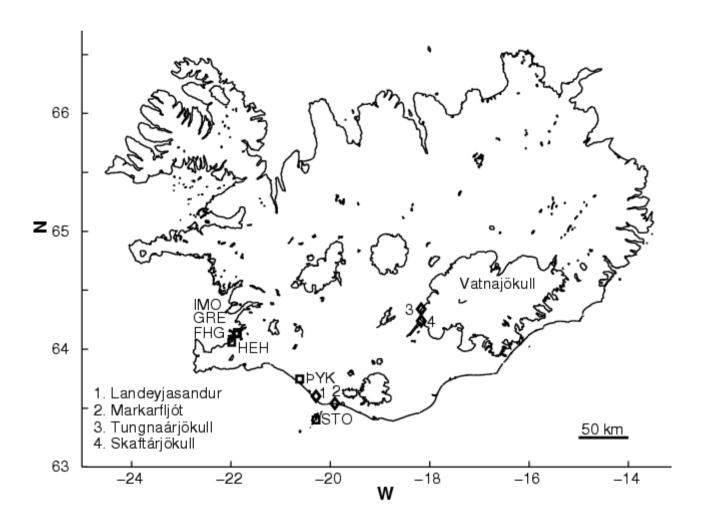
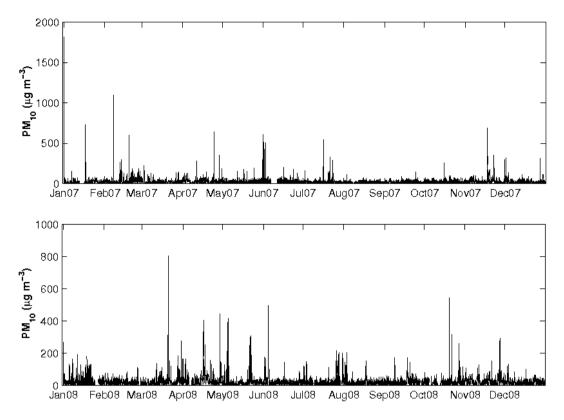
## THORSTEINSSON ET AL.

## DUST STORM CONTRIBUTIONS TO AIRBORNE PARTICULATE MATTER IN REYKJAVÍK, ICELAND

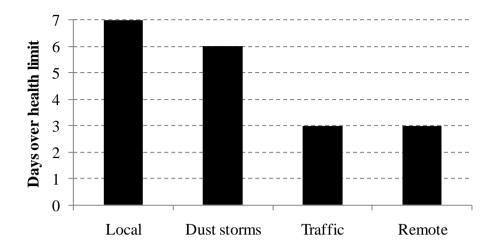
## **FIGURES**



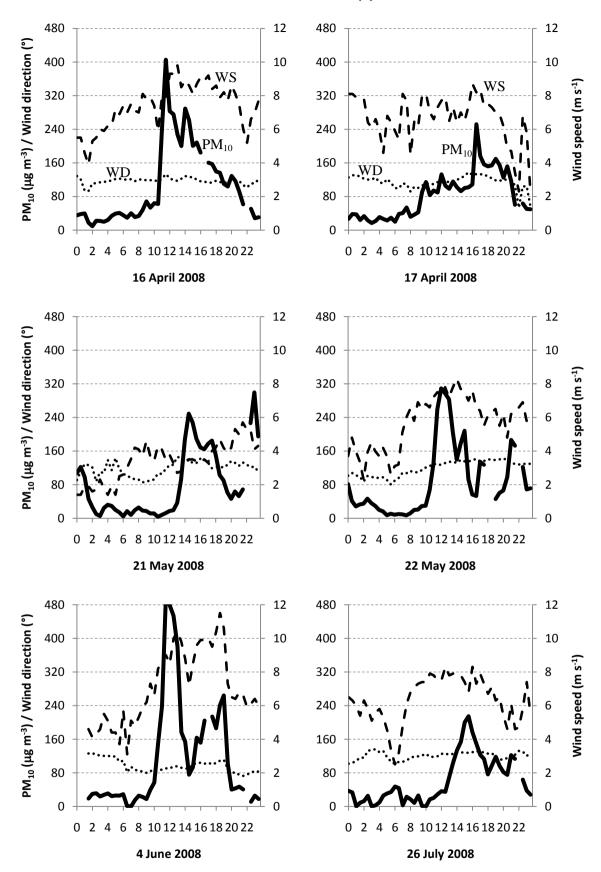
**Figure 1.** Map of Iceland showing the location of PM<sub>10</sub> measurement stations in the Reykjavík area, GRE, FHG and HEH, and the weather stations used IMO (Reykjavík), PYK and STO in this study. Locations mentioned in the text are indicated.



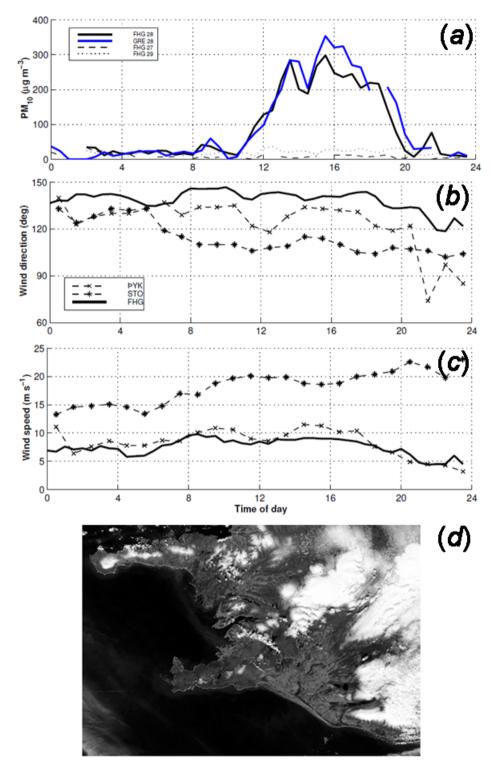
**Figure 2.** PM<sub>10</sub> pollution levels at GRE-station for the years 2007 and 2008 (30-min values).



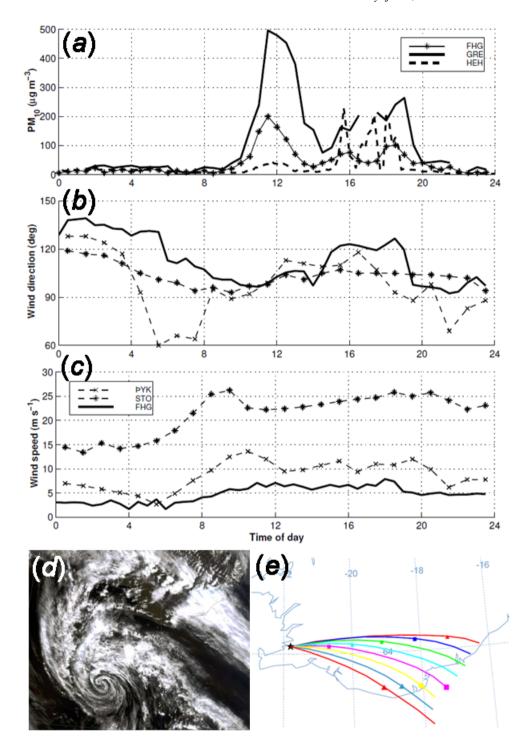
**Figure 3**. Sources of  $PM_{10}$  material during days that exceeded the health limit in 2008 at GRE-station.



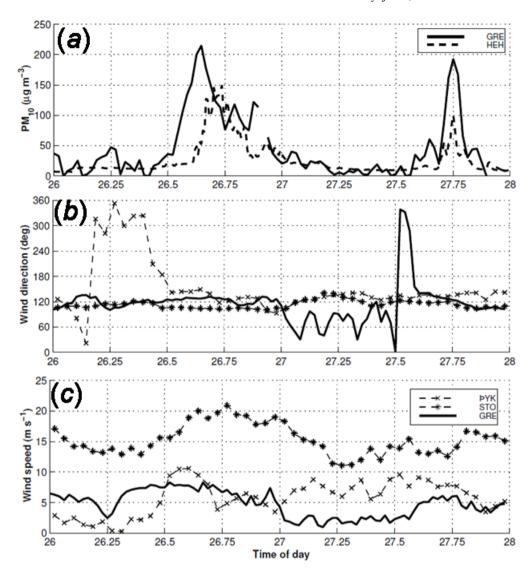
**Figure 4**. PM<sub>10</sub> (thick lines), wind speed (dashed lines) and wind direction (dotted lines) measured at the GRE-station during days of dust storms in 2008.



**Figure 5.** Summary data for dust event on 28 April, 2007. (a) PM<sub>10</sub> (30-min values) measured at FHG (April 27 – 29) and GRE, (b) wind direction and (c) wind speed measured on April 28, 2007 at FHG (solid line), STO (star-dashed line), and PYK (x-dashed line). (d) MODIS Aqua image 13:45 (local time) showing dust blowing from Landeyjasandur and Markarfljót (on the coast just north of STO; Fig. 1) towards Reykjavík on April 28, 2007. Image courtesy of MODIS Rapid Response System at NASA/GSFC.

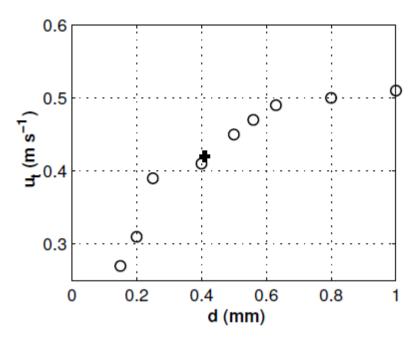


**Figure 6.** Summary data for dust event on 4 June 2008. (a) PM<sub>10</sub> measured at FHG (stars), GRE (solid line), and HEH (dashed line), (b) wind direction and (c) wind speed on June 4, 2008, measured at FHG (solid line), STO (star-dashed line), and PYK (x-dashed line); (d) MODIS image from 14:17 on June 4, 2008, showing the low south of Iceland responsible for the wind that caused the dust storm that day; (e) NOAA HYSPLIT runs (bottom right) for June 4, 2008, showing particle paths for backward trajectories ending in Reykjavík at 12:00 UTC.



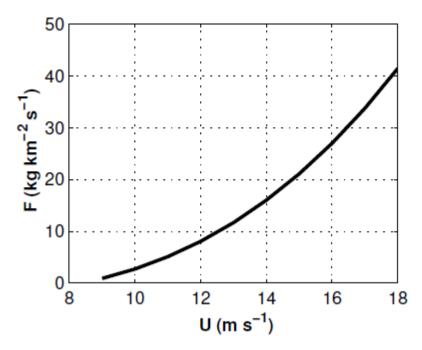
**Figure 7.** Summary data for dust event on 26-27 July 2008. (a)  $PM_{10}$  measured at GRE (30-min values; solid line) and HEH (10-min values; dashed line), (b) wind direction and (c) wind speed on July 26 and 27, 2008, measured at GRE (solid line), STO (star-dashed line), and PYK (x-dashed line).

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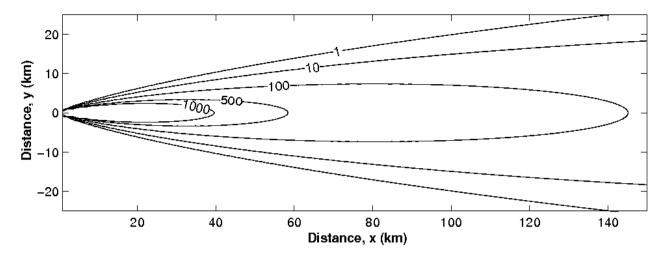
**Figure 8.** Threshold velocity  $u_t$  as a function of grain size d (Liu et al., 2006, Table 2). The value for Landeyjasandur (Arnalds et al., 2001, Table 2) is marked by a '+'.

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**Figure 9.** Calculated vertical mass flux of PM<sub>10</sub> material, F (kg km<sup>-2</sup> s<sup>-1</sup>) (Eq. 1), as a function of wind speed at 2 m elevation. Here  $\alpha = 0.2 \times 10^{-3}$  m<sup>-1</sup>,  $z_0 = 0.7$  mm, and  $u_t = 0.42$  m s<sup>-1</sup>.

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**Figure 10.** Concentration ( $\mu$ g m<sup>-3</sup>) as a function of distance from a point source, where the wind speed U is 10 m s<sup>-1</sup>, and the source strength S is 200 kg s<sup>-1</sup>.